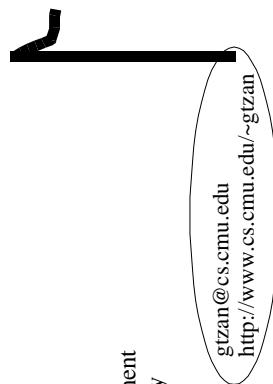


## Music Analysis and Retrieval for Audio Signals



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Carnegie Mellon University



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<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~gtzan>

## Bits of the history of bits



Multimedia



0101110101010 Hello world Web



Understanding multimedia content =



## The not so far future of MIR

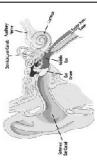
- Library of all recorded music
- Tasks: organize, search, retrieve, classify, recommend, browse, listen, annotate
- Examples:



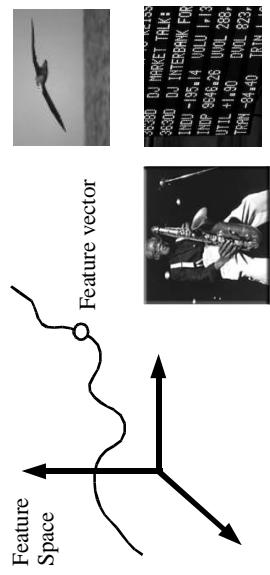
## Music



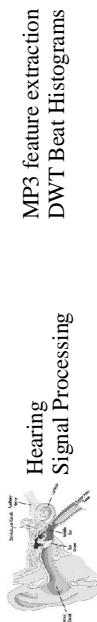
- 4 million recorded CDs
- 4000 CDs / month
- 60-80% ISP bandwidth
- Global
- Pervasive
- Complex



## Hearing - Feature extraction



## Talk Outline



Hearing  
Signal Processing

Understanding  
Machine Learning

QBE similarity retrieval  
Genre Classification

Dancing  
Human Computer  
Interaction

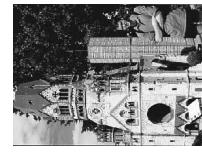
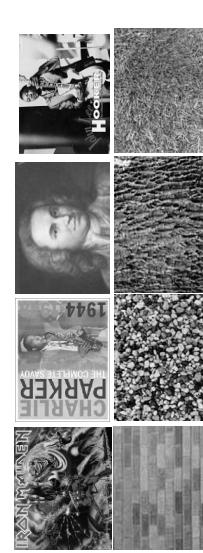
Content & Context Aware  
Timbregrams  
Timbrespaces

## Timbral Texture

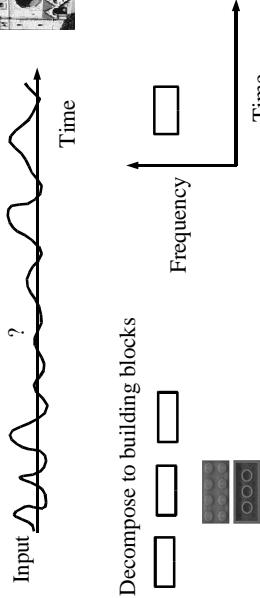
Timbre = differentiate sounds of same pitch and loudness

Timbral Texture = differentiate mixtures of sounds  
(possibly with the same or similar rhythmic and pitch content)

Global, statistical and fuzzy properties



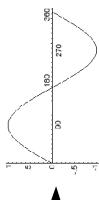
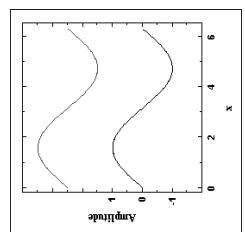
## Time-domain waveform



Decompose to building blocks



## Time-Frequency Analysis Fourier Transform



$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \cos(n * x) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n \sin(n * x)$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\omega) e^{-i\omega t} d\omega$$

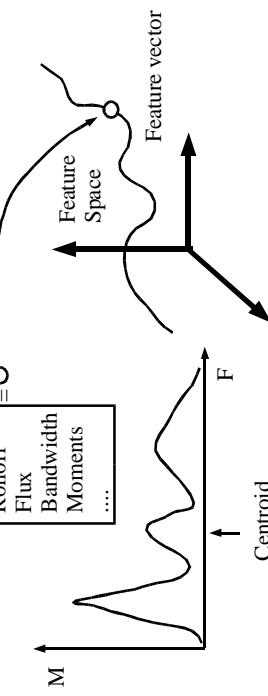
$$f(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{i\omega t} dt$$

$$e^{j\theta} = \cos \theta + i * \sin \theta$$

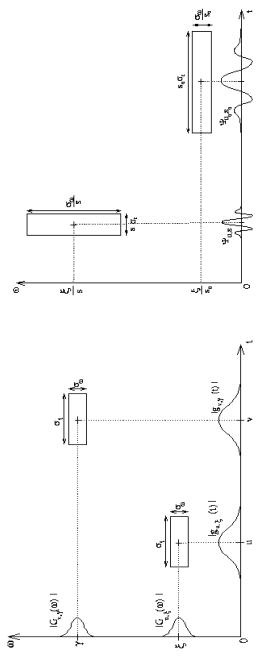
## Spectrum and Shape Descriptors



Centroid  
Roll-off  
Flux  
Bandwidth  
Moments  
...

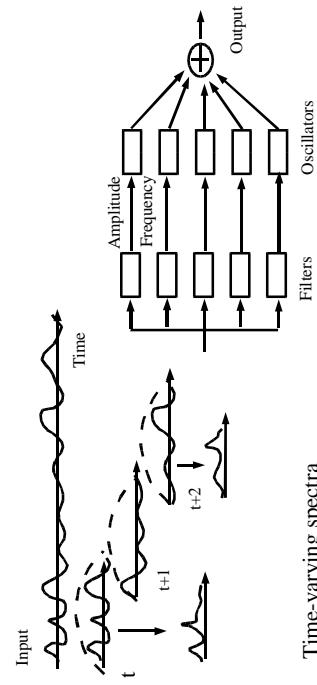


## STFT- Wavelets

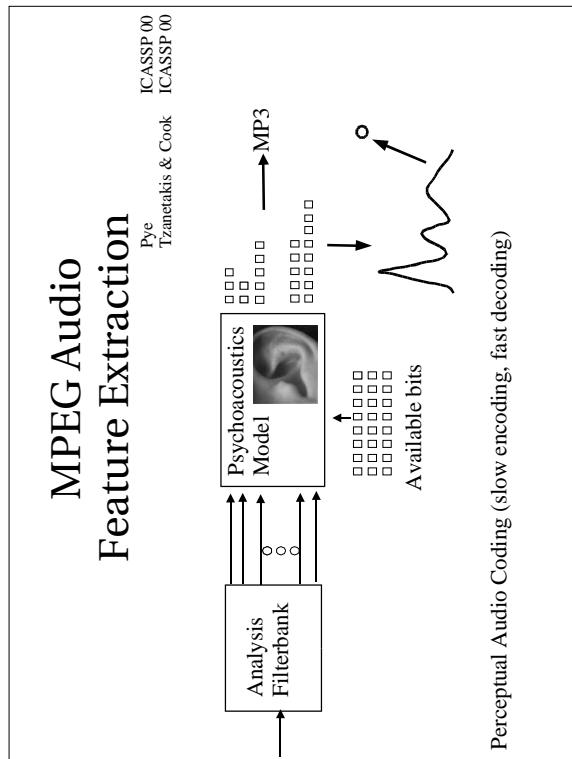
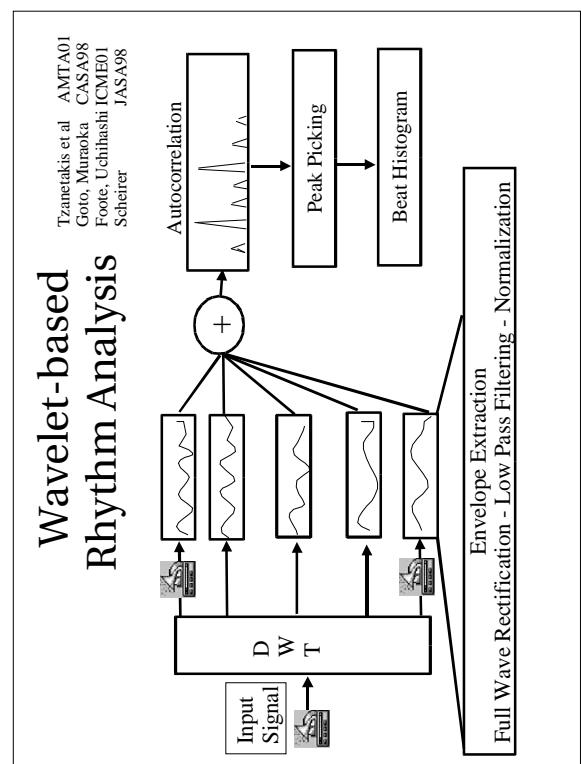
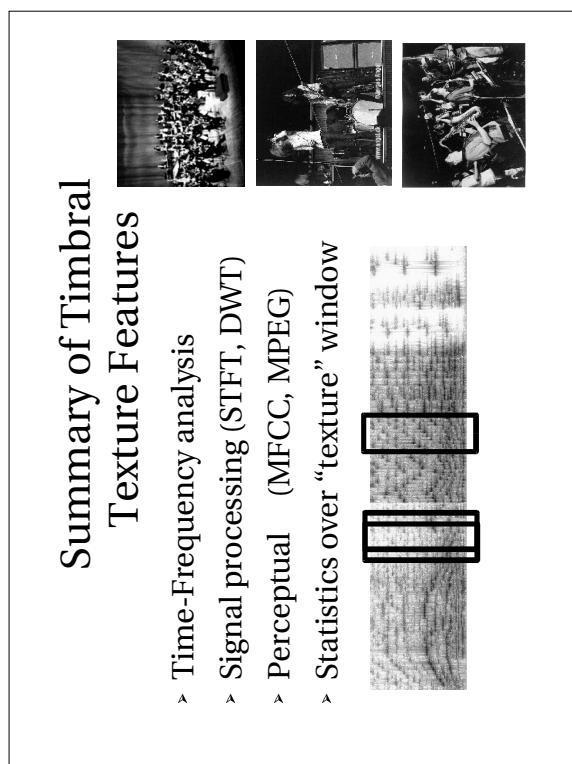


Time – Frequency Heisenberg uncertainty  
 $\sigma_t \sigma_\omega \geq 1/4$

## Short Time Fourier Transform



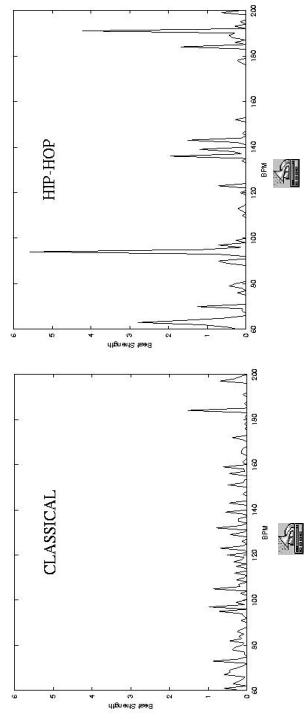
Time-varying spectra  
Fast Fourier Transform FFT



## Beat Histograms

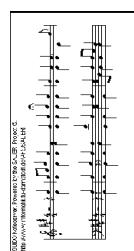
Tzanetakis et al

AMTA01

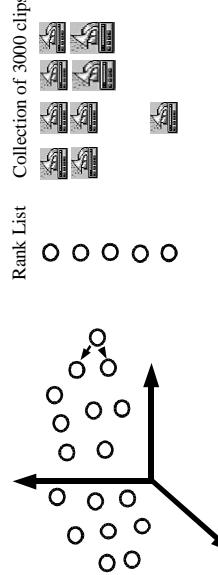


## Musical Content Features

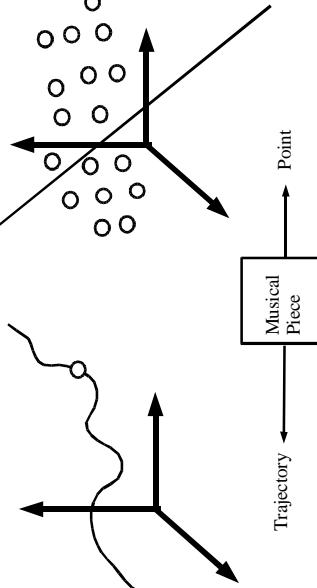
- > Timbral Texture (19)
- > Spectral Shape
- > MFCC (perceptually motivated features, ASR)
- > Rhythmic structure (6)
  - > Beat Histogram Features
- > Harmonic content (5)
- > Pitch Histogram Features



## Query-by-Example Content-based Retrieval



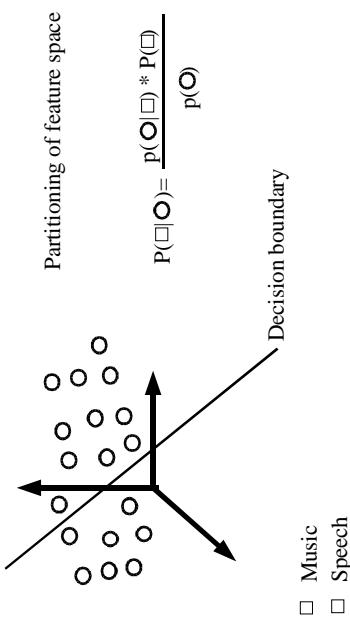
## Understanding



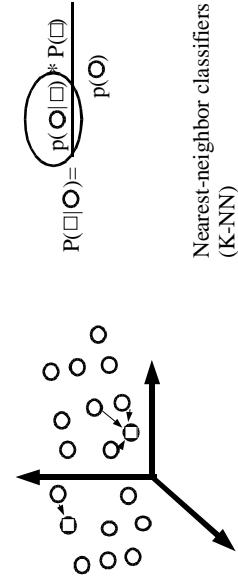
## Automatic Musical Genre Classification

- Categorical music descriptions created by humans
  - Fuzzy boundaries
- Statistical properties
  - Timbral texture, rhythmic structure, harmonic content
- Evaluate musical content features
- Structure audio collections

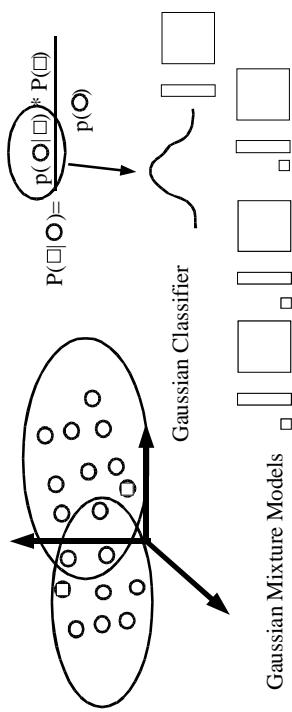
## Statistical Supervised Learning



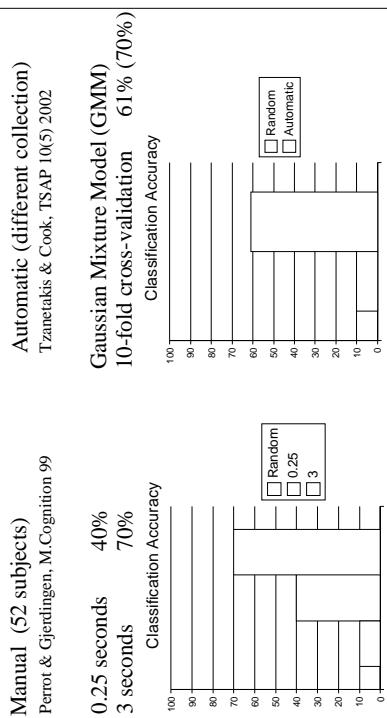
## Non-parametric classifiers



## Parametric classifiers



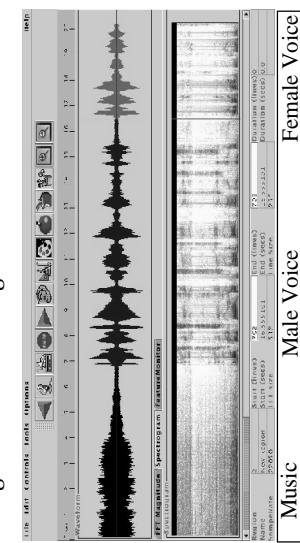
## Classification Evaluation – 10 genres



## GeneGram DEMO



> Segmentation = changes of sound "texture"

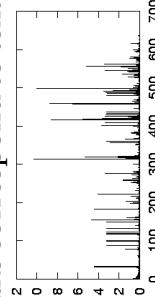
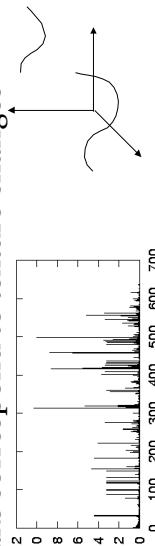


## Audio Segmentation

### Multifeature Segmentation Methodology

Tzanetakis & Cook, WASPAA 99

- > Time series of feature vectors  $V(t)$
- >  $f(t) = d(V(t), V(t-1))$
- >  $D(x,y) = (x-y)C^{-1}(x-y)^t$  (Mahalanobis)
- >  $df/dt$  peaks correspond to texture changes

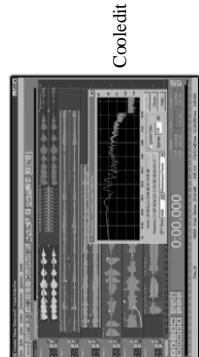


### Multifeature Segmentation Methodology

## Interaction



- > Automatic results not perfect
- > Music listening subjective
- > Browsing vs retrieval
- > Adapt UI to audio “Content & Context”
  - > Computer Audition
  - > Visualization



## Content and Context

- > Content ~ file
  - > Genre, male voice, high frequency
- > Context ~ file and collection
  - > Similarity
  - > Slow – fast
- > Multiple visualizations
  - > Same content, different context



Christina  
Aguilera

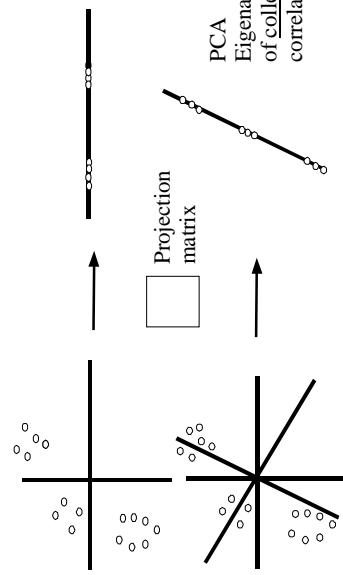


Billie  
Holiday



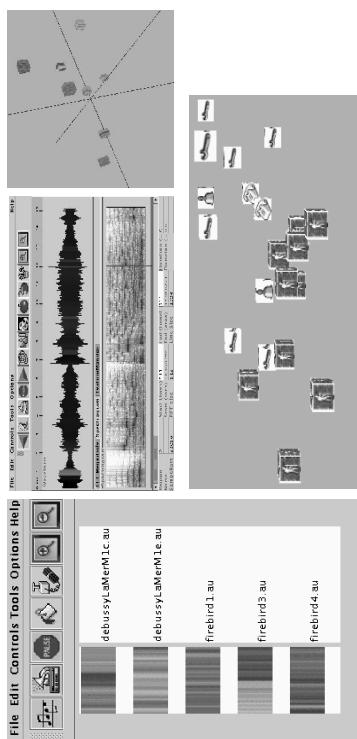
Ella  
Fitzgerald

## Principal Component Analysis



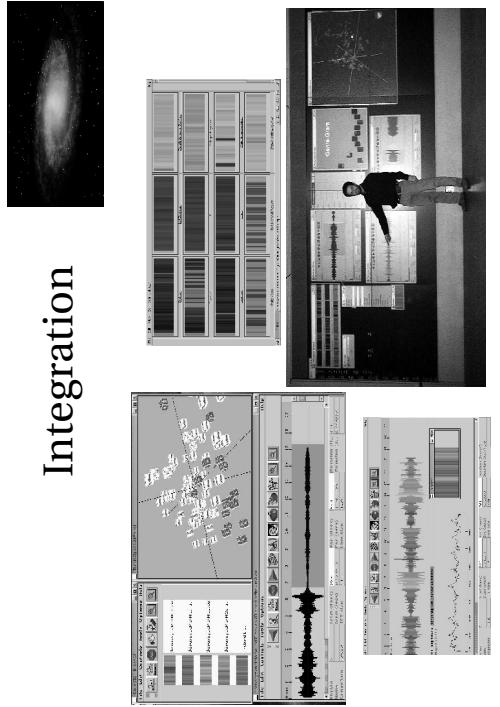
## Timbregrams and Timbrespaces

Tzanetakis & Cook DAFX00, ICAD01



PCA = content & context

## Integration



## Implementation

Tzanetakis & Cook Organized Sound 4(3) 00

- > **MARSYAS**: free software framework for computer audition research
  - > Server in C++ (numerical signal processing and machine learning)
  - > Client in JAVA (GUI)
  - > Linux, Solaris, Irix and WinTel (VS, Cygwin)
  - > Apr. 5500 downloads, 2300 different hosts, 30 countries since March 2001

## Marsyas users

Tzanetakis, Hu and Dannenberg, WIAMIS 03

- > CMU
  - > Structural analysis
  - > Query -by-humming
  - > MIR over P2P networks (Jun Gao)
- > Informedia
  - > Princeton: sound fix analysis-synthesis(P.Cook)
  - > Rochester: machine learning (Tao Li)
  - > Northwestern: perception of musical genre (R.Gjerdigen)

Desert Island  
Jared Hoberock  
Dan Kelly  
Ben Tietgen

**moodlogic**  
*The Wall: Music for groove* (DJ-S)

**ALL MUSIC**

Music-driven motion editing  
Marc Cardle

Real time music-speech discrimination

A block diagram of the moodlogic system. It shows a feedback loop between 'MIDI Analysis' and 'MIDI Synthesis'. 'MIDI Analysis' receives input from 'Audio Analysis' and 'MIDI Control'. 'MIDI Synthesis' feeds into 'MIDI Control'. 'MIDI Control' also receives input from 'Motion Control' and 'Motion Letting'. 'Motion Control' receives input from 'Resulting Animation' and 'Motion Letting'. 'Motion Letting' receives input from 'Resulting Animation'.

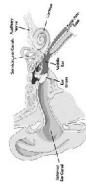
## Current Work-Collaborations

Tzanetakis, Hu and Dannenberg, WIAMIS 03

- > CMU
  - > Structural analysis
  - > Query -by-humming
  - > MIR over P2P networks (Jun Gao)
- > Informedia
  - > Princeton: sound fix analysis-synthesis(P.Cook)
  - > Rochester: machine learning (Tao Li)
  - > Northwestern: perception of musical genre (R.Gjerdigen)

## Auditory Scene Analysis

Albert Bregman



## Future Work



- Music
  - Singer identification
  - Chord progression detection
  - Intermediate representations
  - Motion capture signals
  - Biological signals – time series in general
  - Content and context aware multimedia UI