

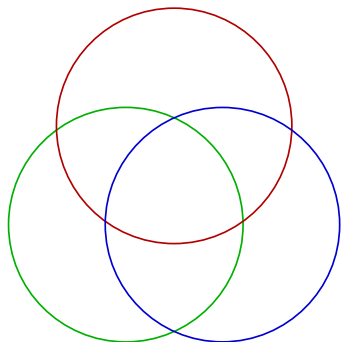
# Symmetric Monotone Venn Diagrams with Seven Curves

Tao Cao, Khalegh Mamakani and Frank Ruskey

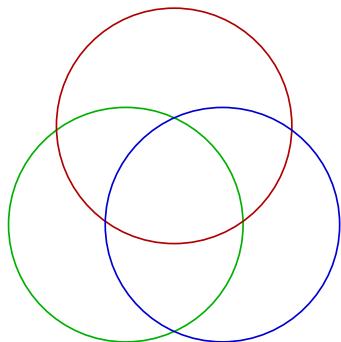
Department of Computer Science  
University of Victoria, BC, Canada

Fifth International Conference on Fun with Algorithms

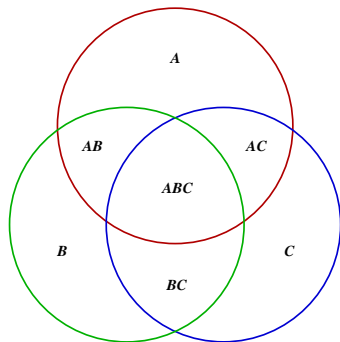
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- Let  $X_i$  denotes interior or exterior of curve  $C_i$



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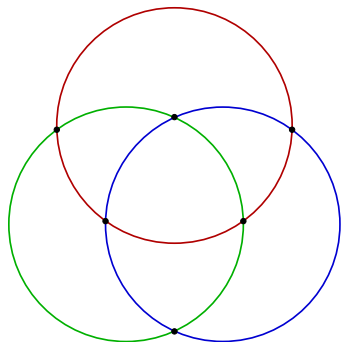


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# Venn Diagrams : Simple vs non-simple

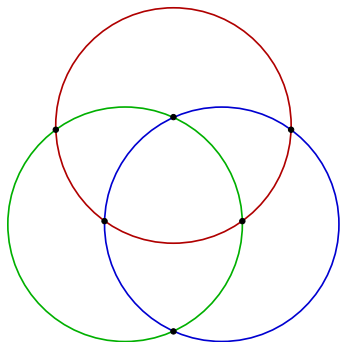
- **Simple** : At most 2 curves cross at each intersection point



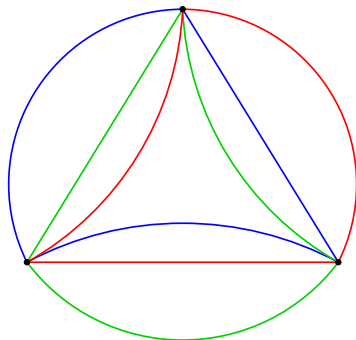
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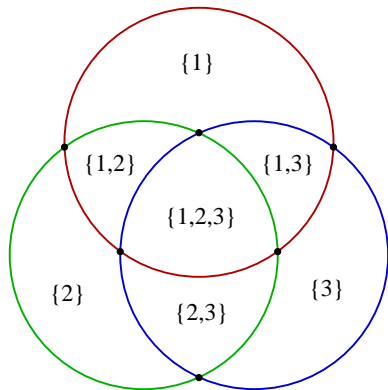


- **Non-simple**



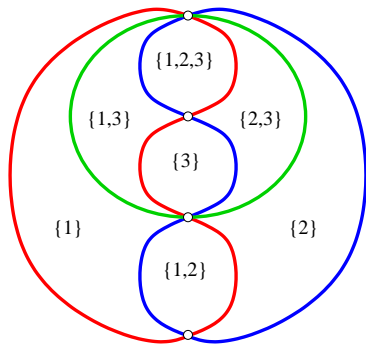
# Monotone vs non-monotone Venn Diagrams

- **Rank of a region** :  
Number of curves that contain it
- **Monotone** if every  $k$ -region is adjacent to both a  $(k - 1)$ -region and to a  $(k + 1)$ -region
- Non-Monotone



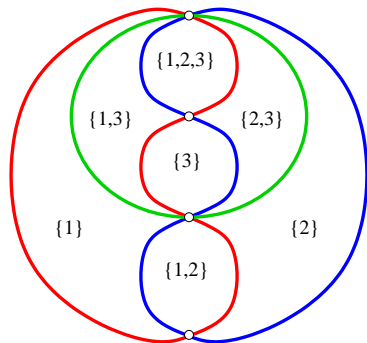
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- Number of regions of rank  $k$  :  $\binom{n}{k}$



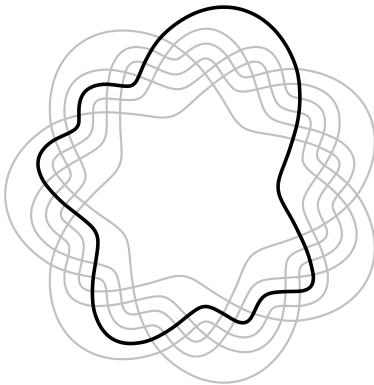
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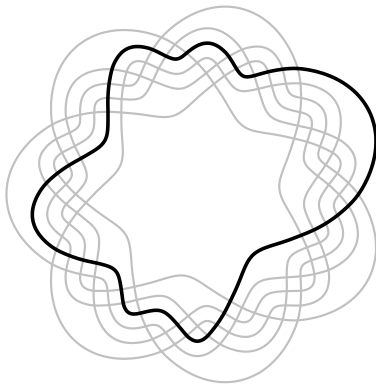
# Rotationally-Symmetric Venn Diagrams

The diagram can be constructed by  $n$  successive rotations of a single closed curve by  $\frac{2\pi}{n}$  radians about a point in the plane.



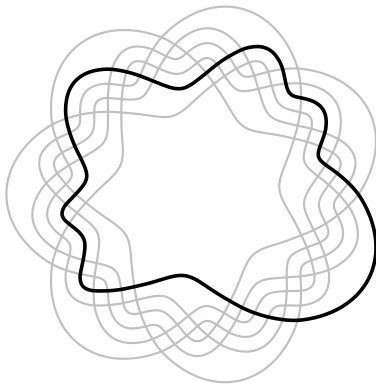
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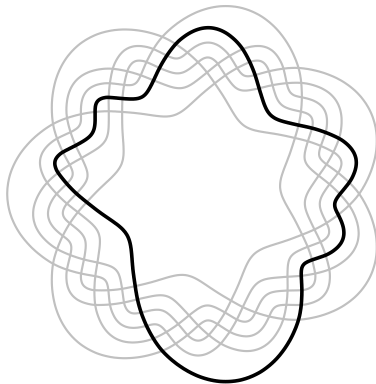
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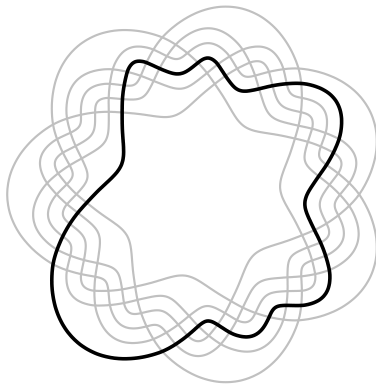
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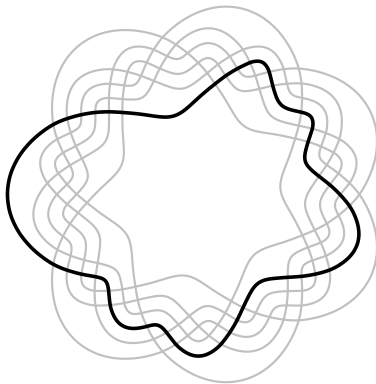
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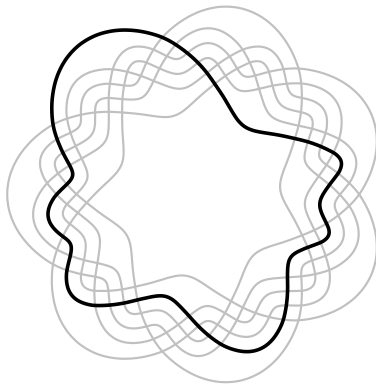
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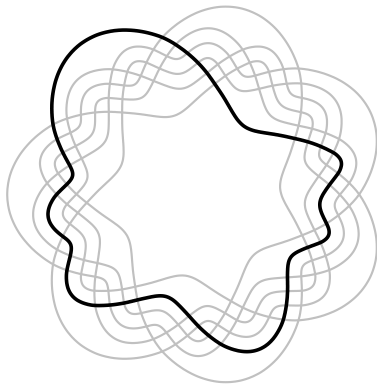
The diagram can be constructed by  $n$  successive rotations of a single closed curve by  $\frac{2\pi}{n}$  radians about a point in the plane.



$$f = 2^n, \quad e = 2 \times v$$
$$f + v = e + 2 \quad v = 2^n - 2$$

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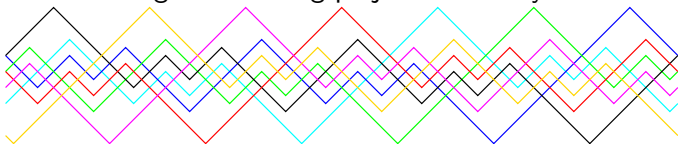
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# Polar Symmetric Venn diagrams

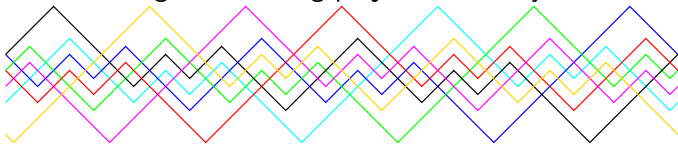
- Consider diagram as being projected on a cylinder



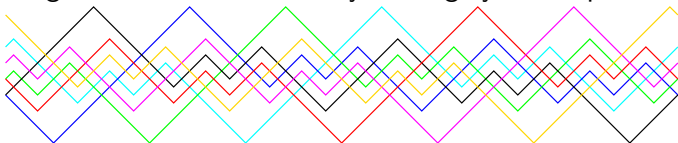
- Diagram remains invariant by turning cylinder upside-down

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- Diagram remains invariant by turning cylinder upside-down



# Symmetric Venn Diagrams

- If an  $n$ -Venn diagram is rotationally symmetric, then  $n$  is prime. [Henderson 1963]
- For any prime number of curves, there is a rotationally symmetric Venn diagram [Griggs, Killian and Savage 2004]

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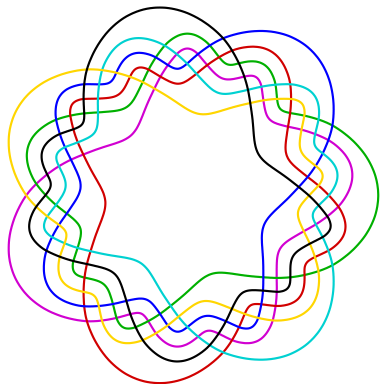
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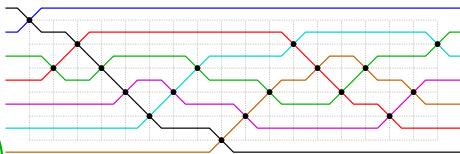
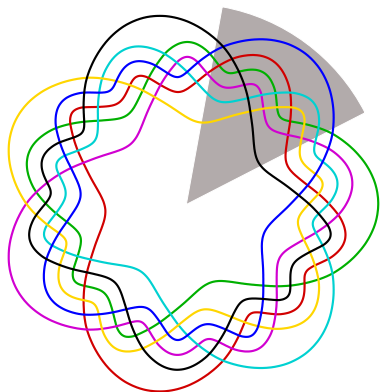
# Matrix representation







# Matrix representation

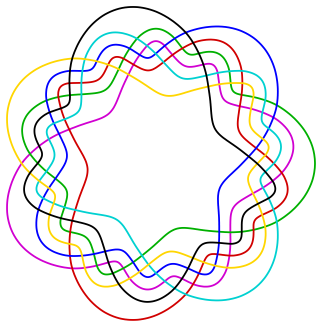


1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- Not all matrices represent Venn diagrams
- Different matrices may represent isomorphic Venn diagrams

# Grünbaum Encoding

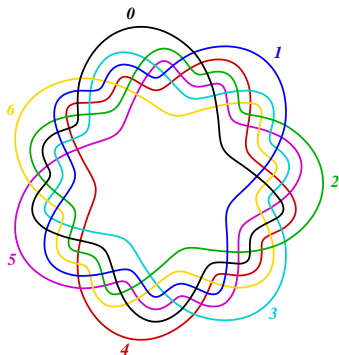
Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W:

# Grünbaum Encoding

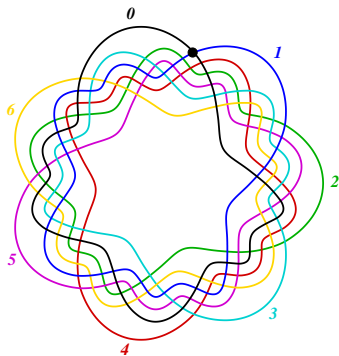
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W: 1

# Grünbaum Encoding

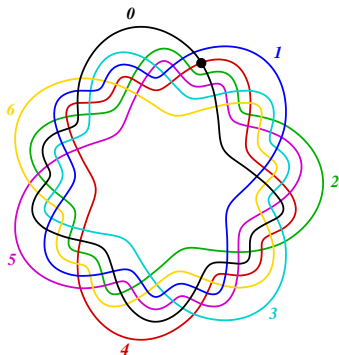
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W: 1,4

# Grünbaum Encoding

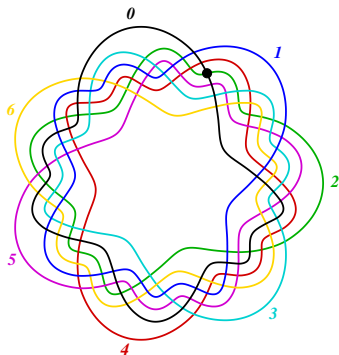
Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W: 1,4,2

# Grünbaum Encoding

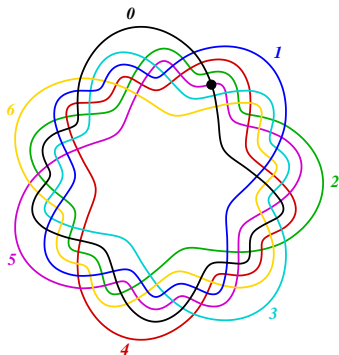
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W: 1,4,2,5

# Grünbaum Encoding

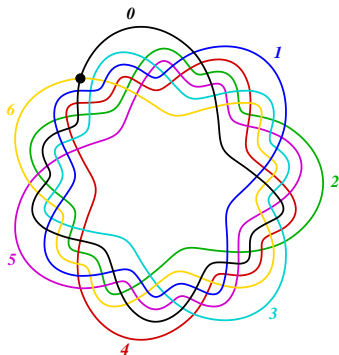
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W: 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6

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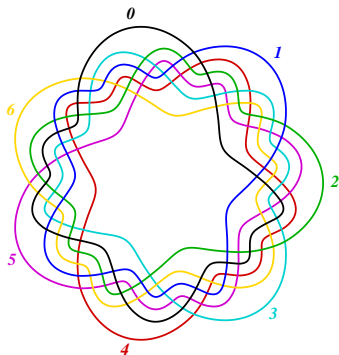


W: 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6

X :

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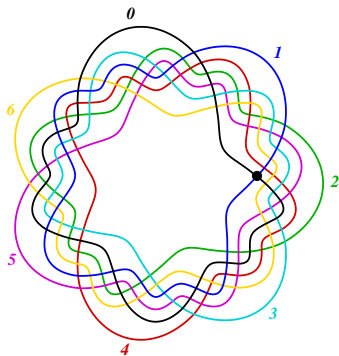


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X : 1

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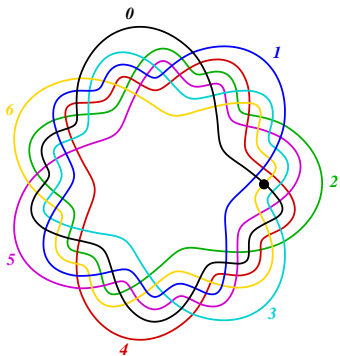


W: 1,4,2,5,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6

X: 1,6

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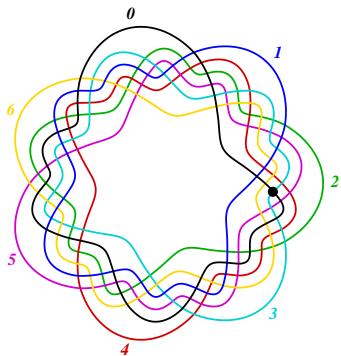


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X: 1,6,3

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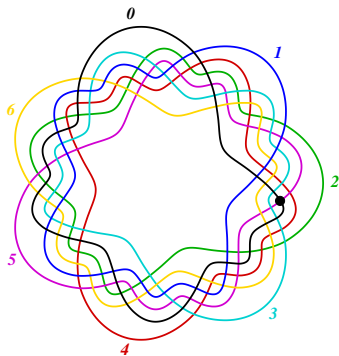


W: 1,4,2,5,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6

X: 1,6,3,5

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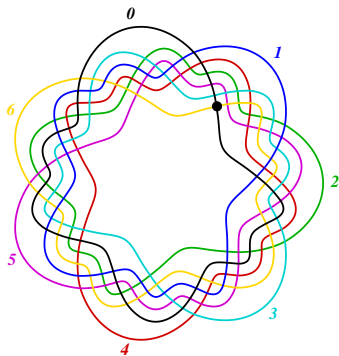


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X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6

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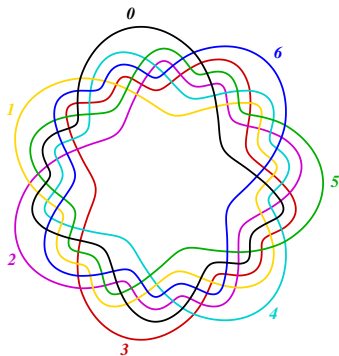
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X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6

Y :

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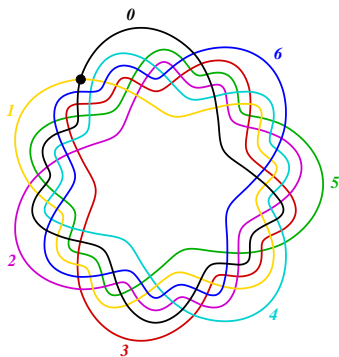
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X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6

Y : 1

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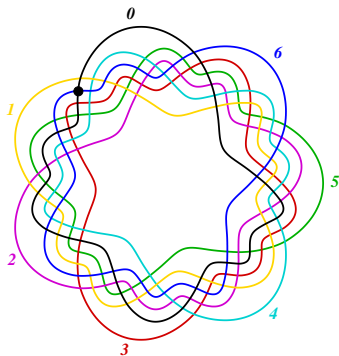
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X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6

Y : 1,6

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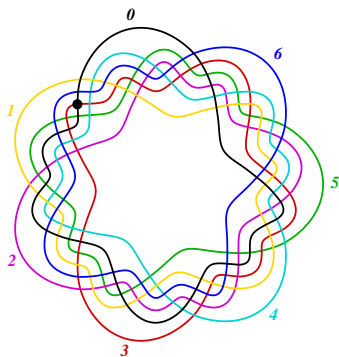
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X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6

Y : 1,6,3

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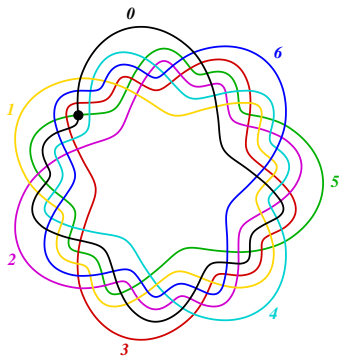
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X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6

Y : 1,6,3,5

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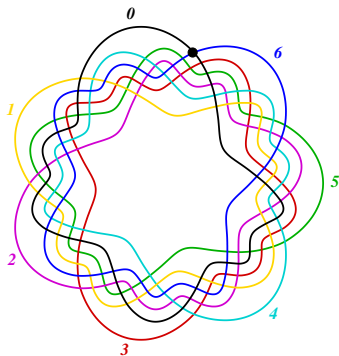
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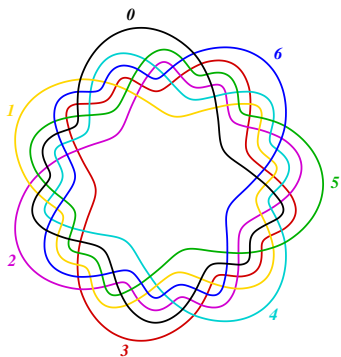
X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6

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Z :

# Grünbaum Encoding

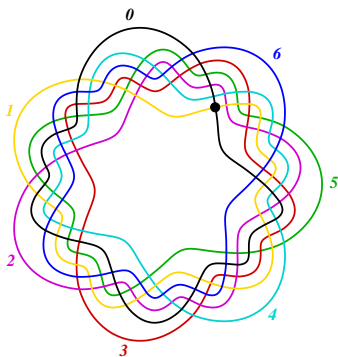
Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W: 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6  
X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Y : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Z : 1

# Grünbaum Encoding

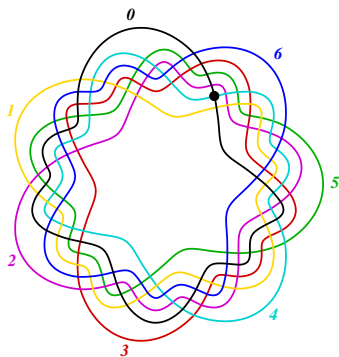
Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W: 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6  
X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Y : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Z : 1,4

# Grünbaum Encoding

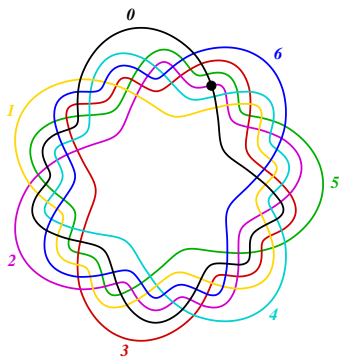
Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W: 1,4,2,5,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6  
X : 1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Y : 1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Z : 1,4,2

# Grünbaum Encoding

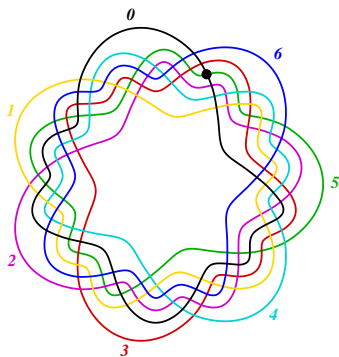
Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W: 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6  
X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Y : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Z : 1,4,2,5

# Grünbaum Encoding

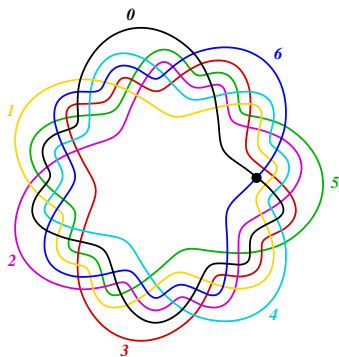
Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W: 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6  
X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Y : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Z : 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6

# Grünbaum Encoding

Introduced by Grünbaum to check whether two Venn diagrams are distinct.



W: 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6  
X : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Y : 1,6,3,5 ,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6,1,4,2,5,3,6  
Z : 1,4,2,5 ,3,6,1,6,3,5,3,6,2,5,1,6,1,5,3,6,2,5,1,4,2,6,1,6,2,5,1,4,2,4,1,6

## Theorem

*Each Gröbman encoding uniquely determines a simple symmetric monotone Venn diagram (up to isomorphism)*

- 1 Generate all candidate matrices.
- 2 Check validity of matrix.

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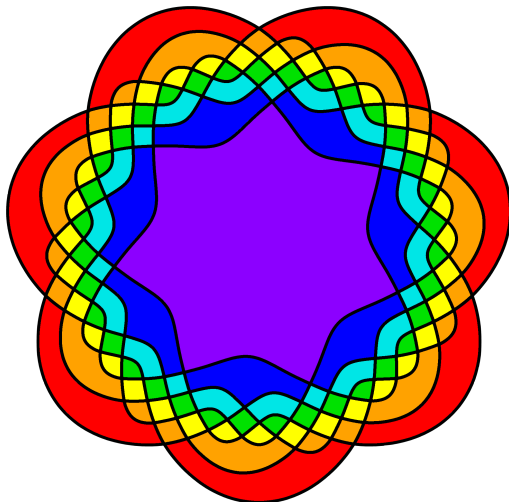
*Each Grünbaum encoding uniquely determines a simple symmetric monotone Venn diagram (up to isomorphism)*

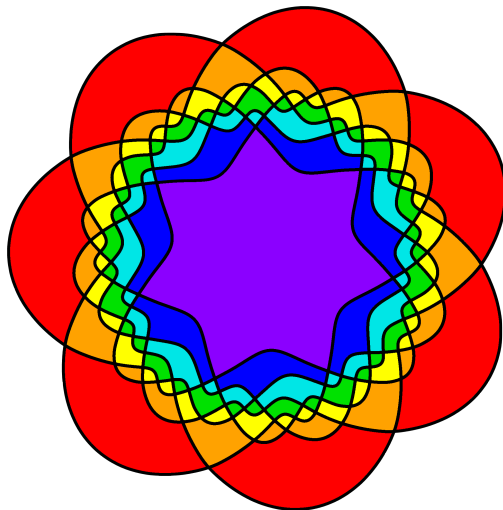
- 1 Generate all candidate matrices.
- 2 Check validity of matrix.
- 3 Generate Grünbaum encoding.
- 4 Eliminate isomorphic solutions.

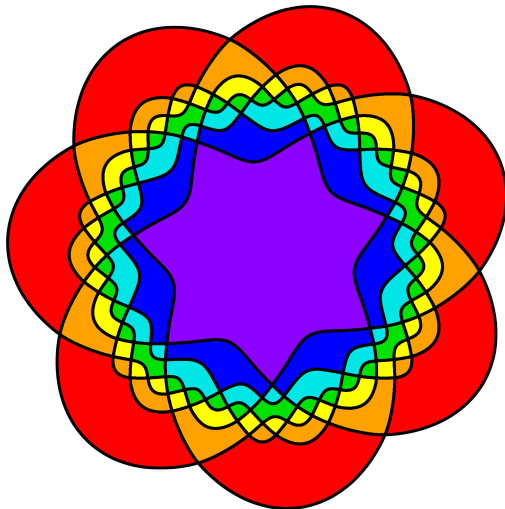
## Theorem

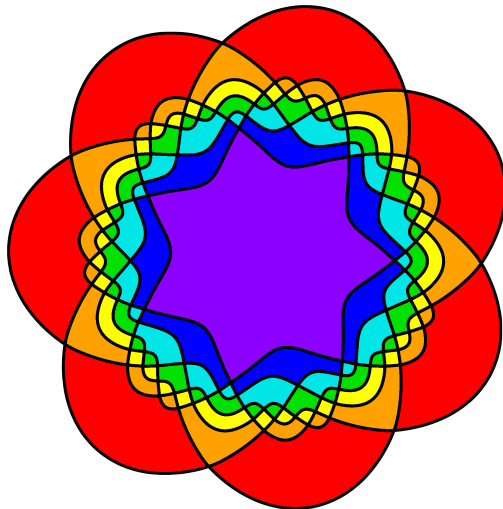
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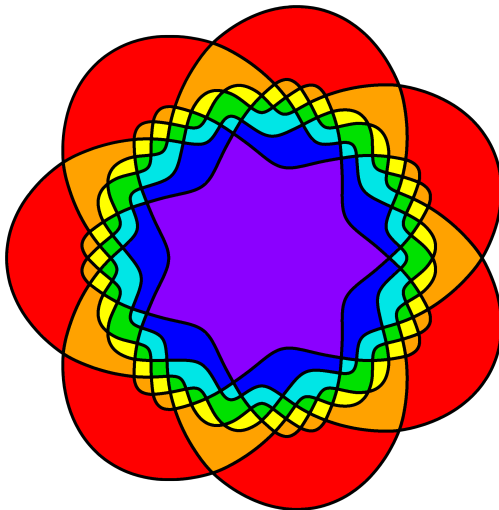
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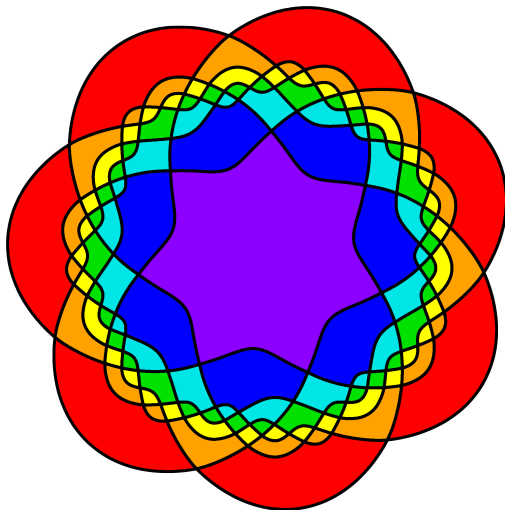


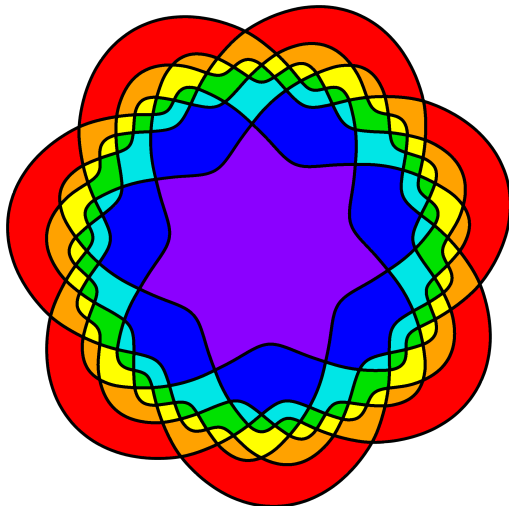


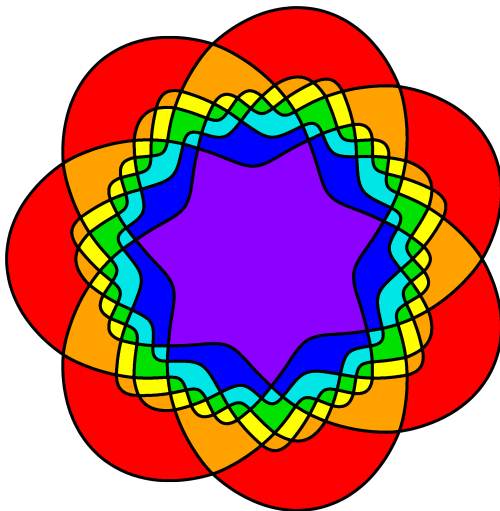


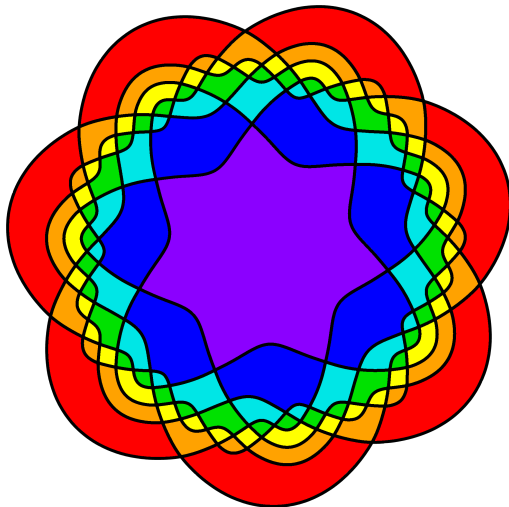


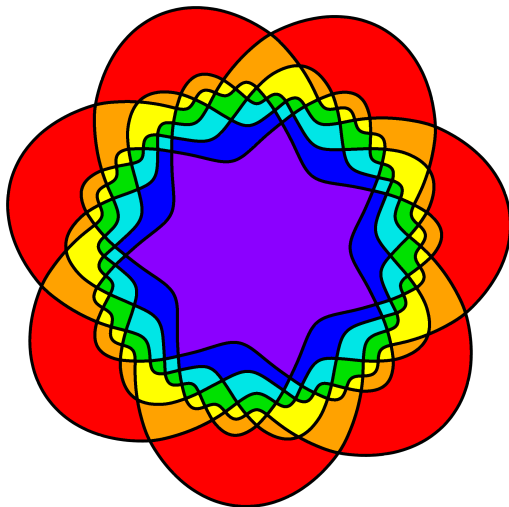


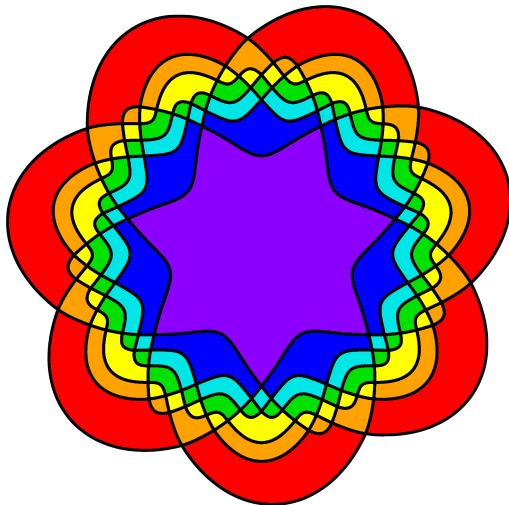


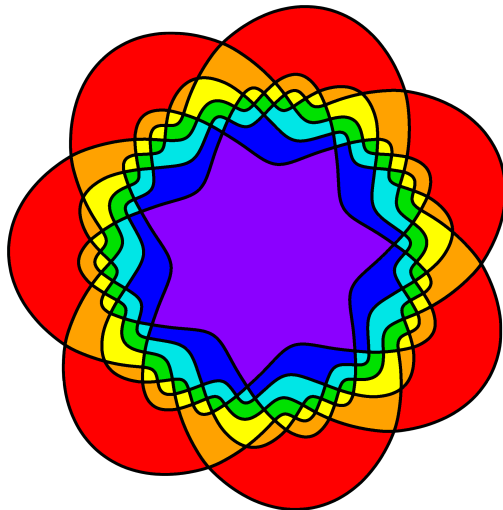


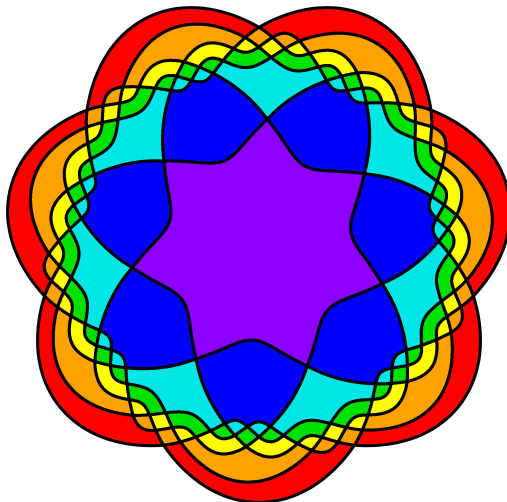


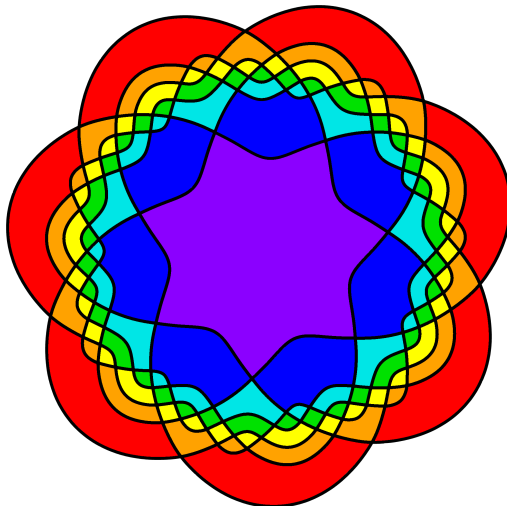


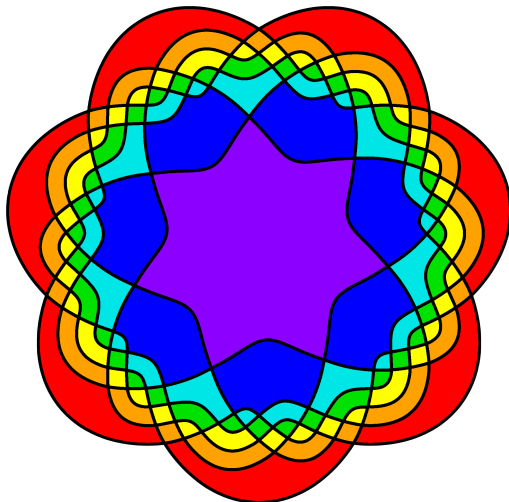


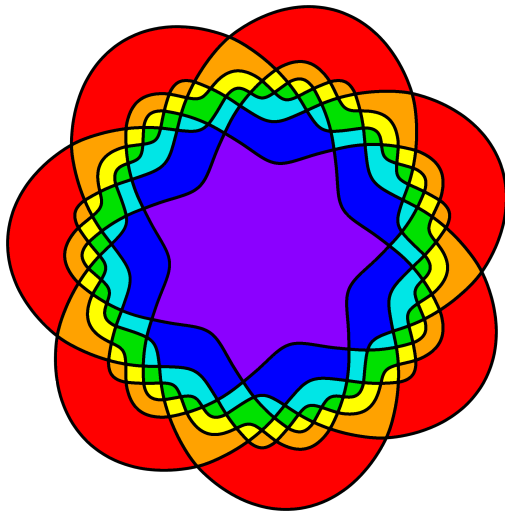


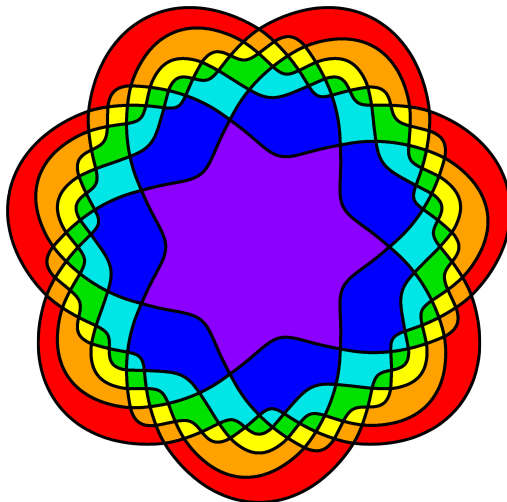




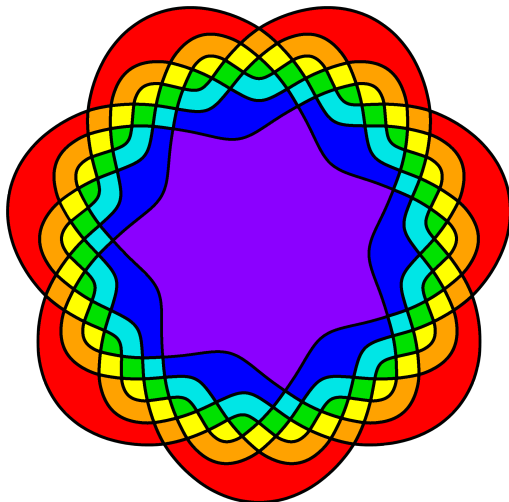




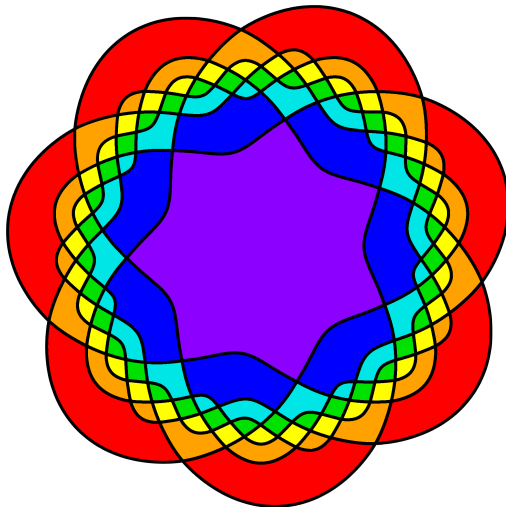




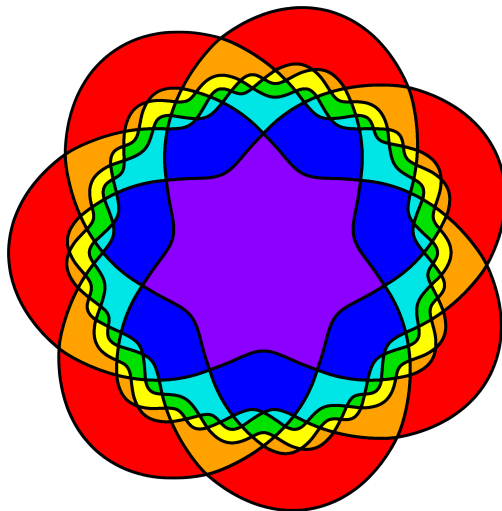
# Results : Polar Symmetric



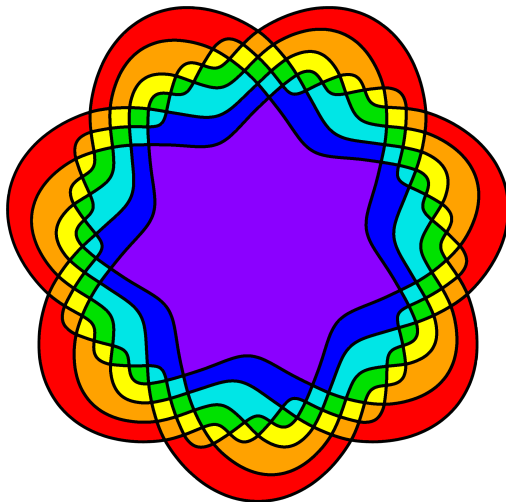
# Results : Polar Symmetric



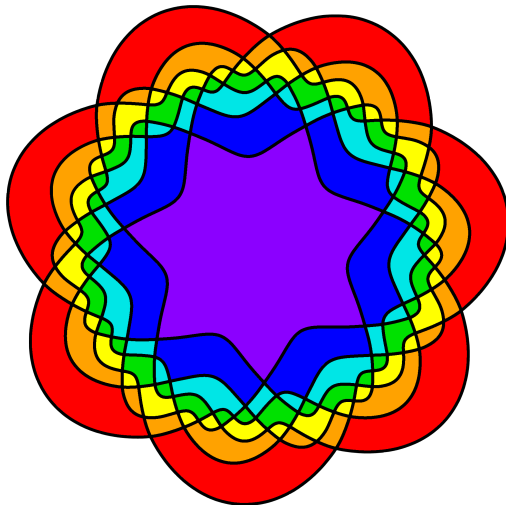
# Results : Polar Symmetric



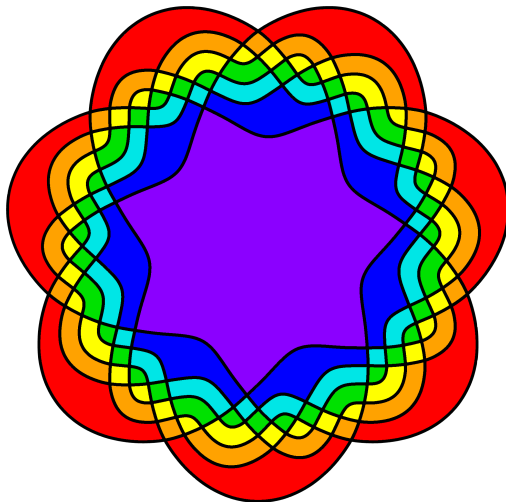
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- Generate all simple symmetric none-monotone 7-Venn diagrams.
- Is there any simple symmetric Venn diagram for  $n$  prime and greater than 7?

# Talk summary

