- Write down the permutations that are the automorphisms of this graph.
- 2. Write the cycle structure notation for each of the automorphisms.
- 3. How many independent sets of order 2 does it have?



## Announcements:

Assignment #1: due at the beginning of class on Tues. Sept. 23. Any questions?

Wed. this week: I have a meeting 1:30-2:30pm. If you need to see me at office hours then you can ask me to stick around at 2:30pm. Or send e-mail, or ask questions in class. Two independent sets S and T are equivalent if there is an automorphism of G mapping the vertices of S to those in T.

Given a graph G with automorphism group order g and an independent set S such that G has k automorphisms mapping the independent set S to itself, there will be g/k different independent sets of the graph that correspond to S.

Usually the minimum of these is chosen to be the canonical representative of its equivalence class.

- 1. Which
  - automorphisms map this independent set to itself?
- 2. Which other independent sets are equivalent to it?





4 \* 3 = 12



## Sorting these lexicographically: $\{0, 3\} < \{1,4\} < \{2,5\}$

1. Which

automorphisms map this independent set to itself?

 Which other independent sets are equivalent to it?





2 \* 6 = 12

## Sorting these lexicographically: {0, 2} < {0, 4} < {1, 3} < {1, 5} < {2,4} < {3,5}







The independent sets of order two fall into two equivalence classes. We could choose the minimum one in each equivalence class as the representative for its class:

